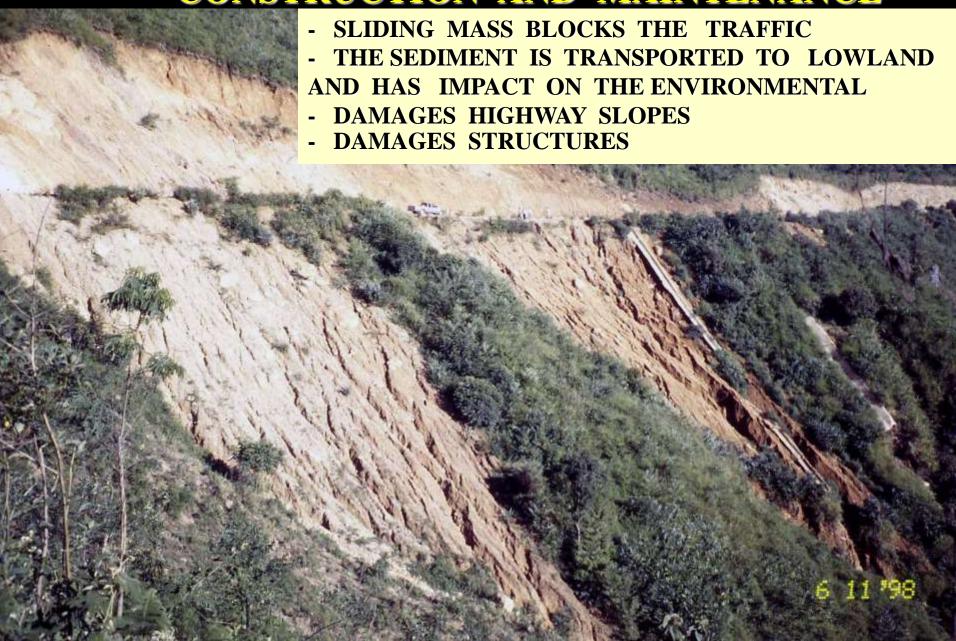


SUSTAINABLE VETIVER SYSTEM IN EROSION CONTROL AND STABILIZATION FOR HIGHWAYS SLOPE IN THAILAND

1.1) EROSION PROBLEMS IN HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE

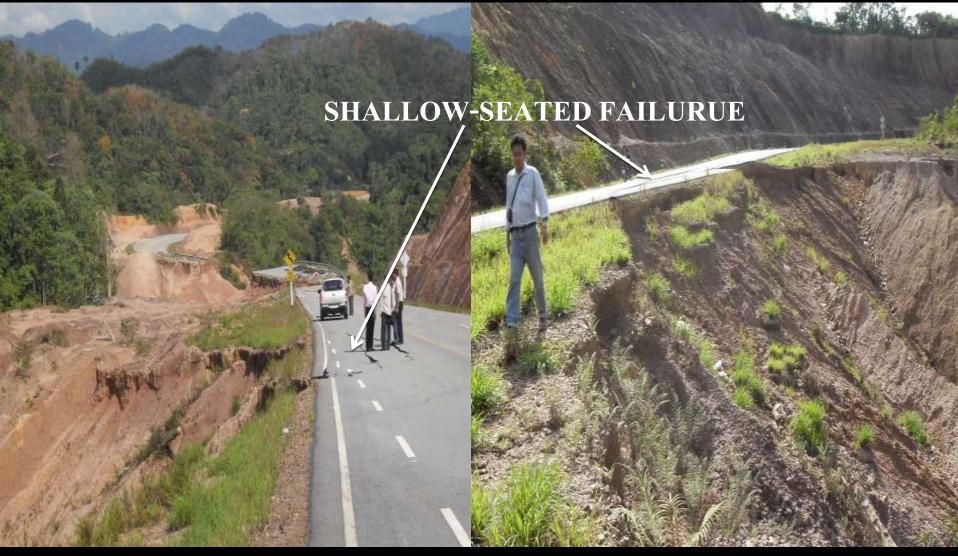


1.1) EROSION PROBLEMS



- SLIDING MASS BLOCK THE TRAFFIC
- SEDIMENTS FILL UP SIDE DITCH AND BLOCK WATER FLOW
- WATER FLOW ACROSS THE ROAD, ERODE AND DAMAGES

1.1) EROSION PROBLEMS
1.1.2 EROSION ON SIDESLOPE (FILL SLOPE)

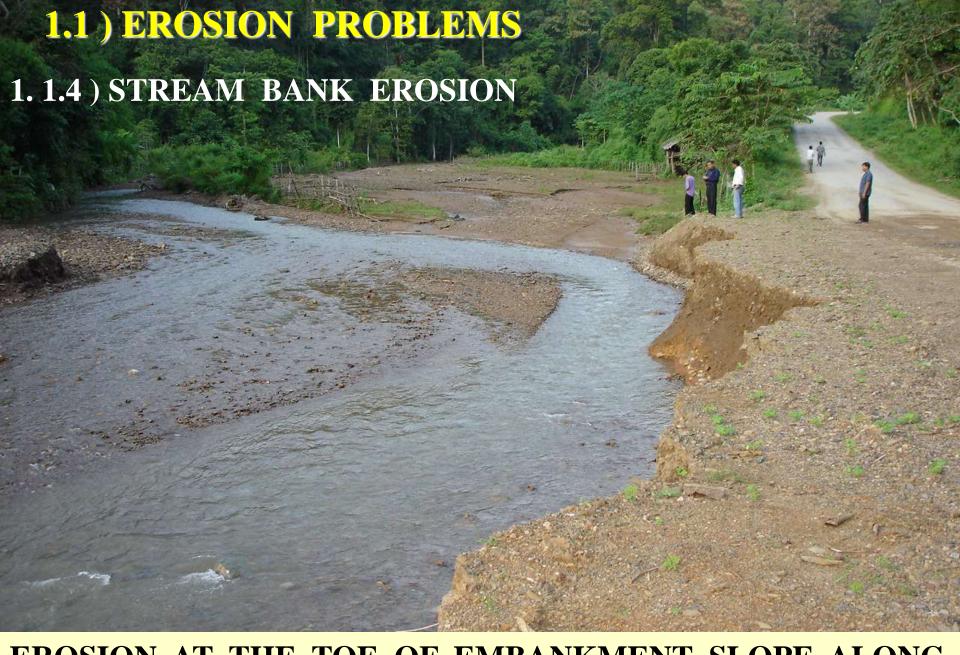


STRONG EROSION (LACK OF ADEQUATE PREVENTIVE) INDUCED TO SHALLOW MASS MOVEMENT OF SOILS (SHALLOW-SEATED FAILURE)

1.1) EROSION PROBLEMS

1.1.3) EROSION AT THE END OF SURFACE DRAINAGE



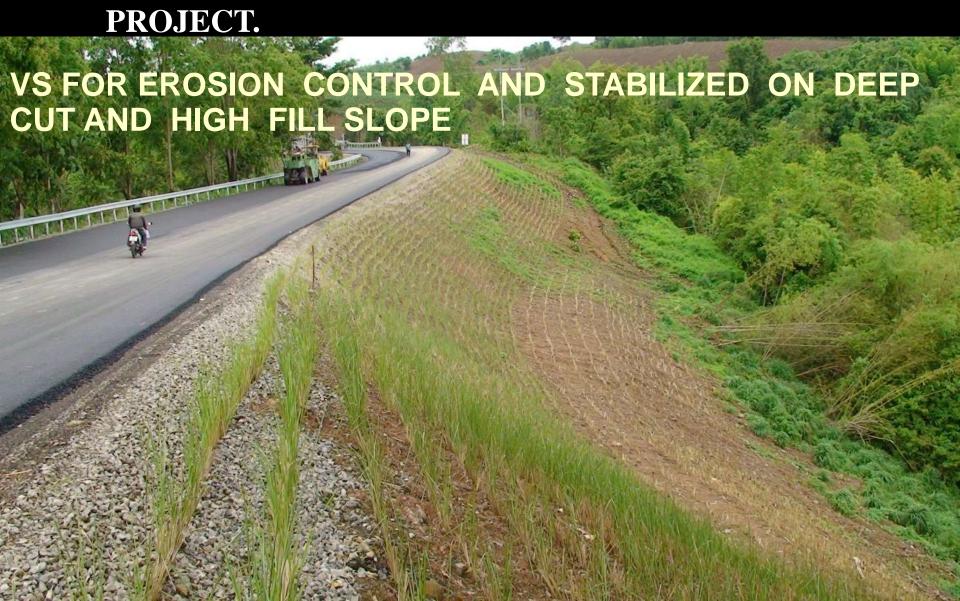


EROSION AT THE TOE OF EMBANKMENT SLOPE ALONG THE STREAM CHANNEL WAY



1.2) BACKGROUND OF THE VETIVER GRASSING PROJECT OF THE HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT, THAILAND

1.2) BACKGROUND OF THE VETIVER GRASSING PROJECT OF THE HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT, THAILAND 1.2.1 VETIVER SYSTEM FOR HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION



1.2) BACKGROUND OF THE VETIVER GRASSING PROJECT OF THE HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT, THAILAND

1.2.2 VETIVER SYSTEM FOR HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE



1.2) BACKGROUND OF THE VETIVER GRASSING PROJECT OF THE HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT, THAILAND

1.2.3 VETIVER SYSTEM FOR HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE IN REHABILITATION OF COLLAPSED EMBANKMENT SLOPES





2) SLOPE EROSION CONTROL AND STABILIZATION MECHANISM BY VETIVER







3) APPLICATION OF THE VETIVER SYSTEM IN EROSION CONTROL AND STABILIZATION OF HIGHWAY SLOPES

3.1)THE PATTERN OF VETIVER GRASSING ON HIGHWAY SLOPE

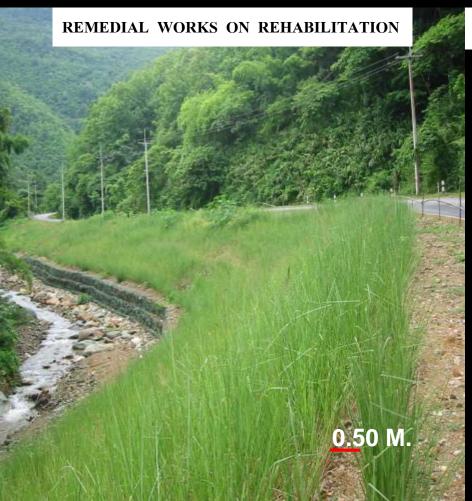


- PLANTING THE VETIVER IN LARGE SCALE AREA FOR GENERAL PREVENTIVE PURPOSE

-THE SPACING BETWEEN THE PLANTING ROWS CAN BE 1 METER APART AND 10 CMS. BETWEEN THE CLUMPS.

3) APPLICATION OF THE VETIVER SYSTEM IN EROSION CONTROL AND STABILIZATION OF HIGHWAY SLOPES

3.1.2) ON SLOPES WHERE EROSION IS SEVERE



-STRONGLY ERODING SITES OR COLLAPSED SLOPES



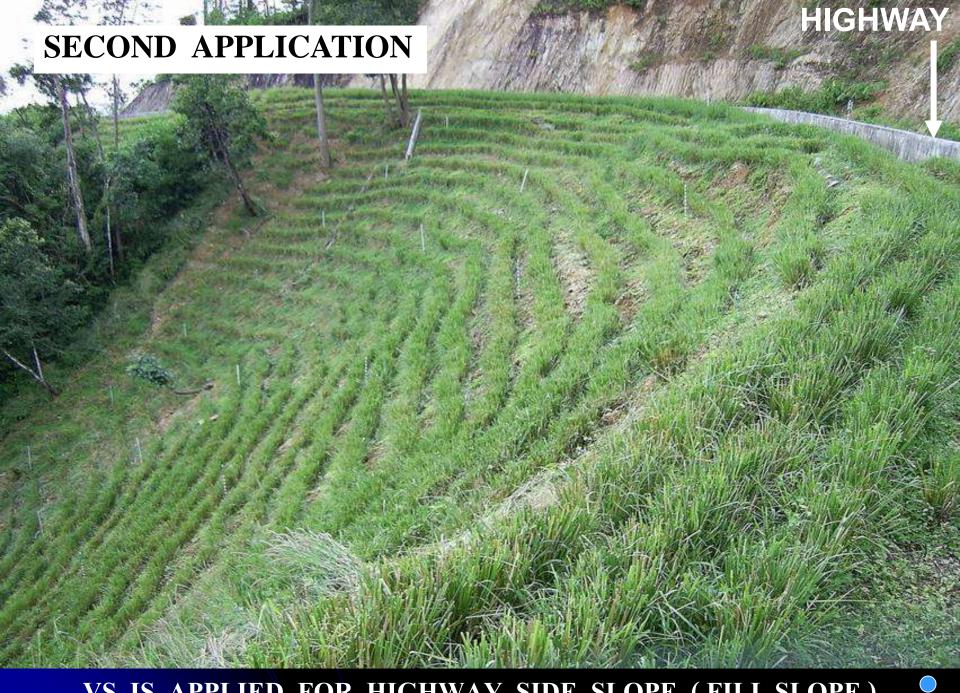
THE SPACING BETWEEN THE PLANTING ROWS IS 0.5 METER APART AND 5 TO 10 CMS. BETWEEN THE CLUMPS

3) APPLICATION OF THE VETIVER SYSTEM IN EROSION CONTROL AND STABILIZATION OF HIGHWAY SLOPES

3.2) THE BENEFITS OF VETIVER GRASSING FOR HIGHWAY SLOPE ARE IN 6 FORMATIONS



VS IS APPLIED FOR HIGHWAY BACK SLOPE (CUT SLOPE)





VS IS APPLIED FOR STREAM BANK ALONG THE ROADWAY FOR RIVER EROSION PROTECTION

IN THIS APPLICATION VETIVER IS PLANTING ON THE SLOPE FACE

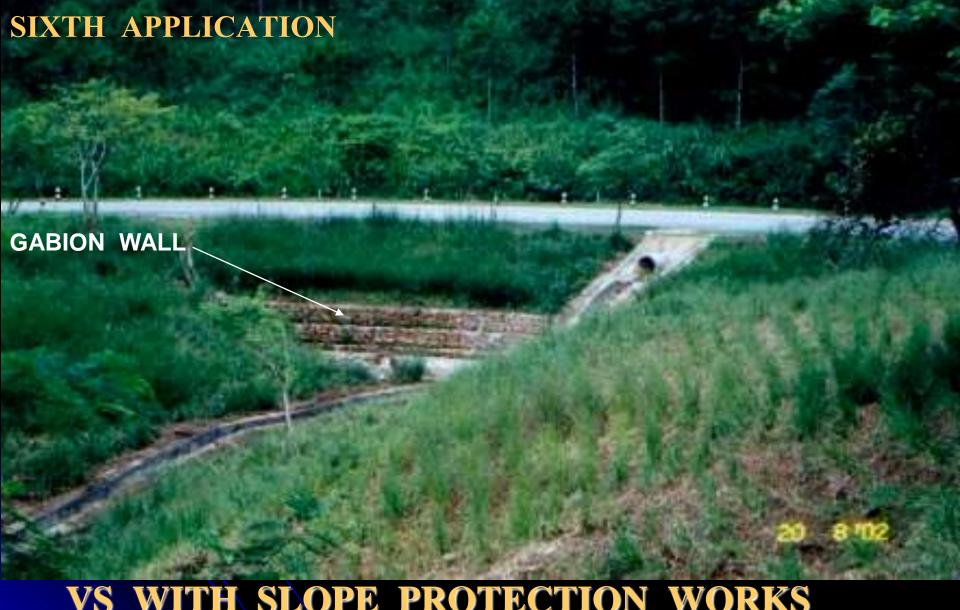
OVER THE ROCK FILL OR GABION WALL



FIFTH APPLICATION

VS IS APPLIED ON SHOULDER SLOPE FOR EROSION CONTROL AT STEEP GRADIENT SECTION.

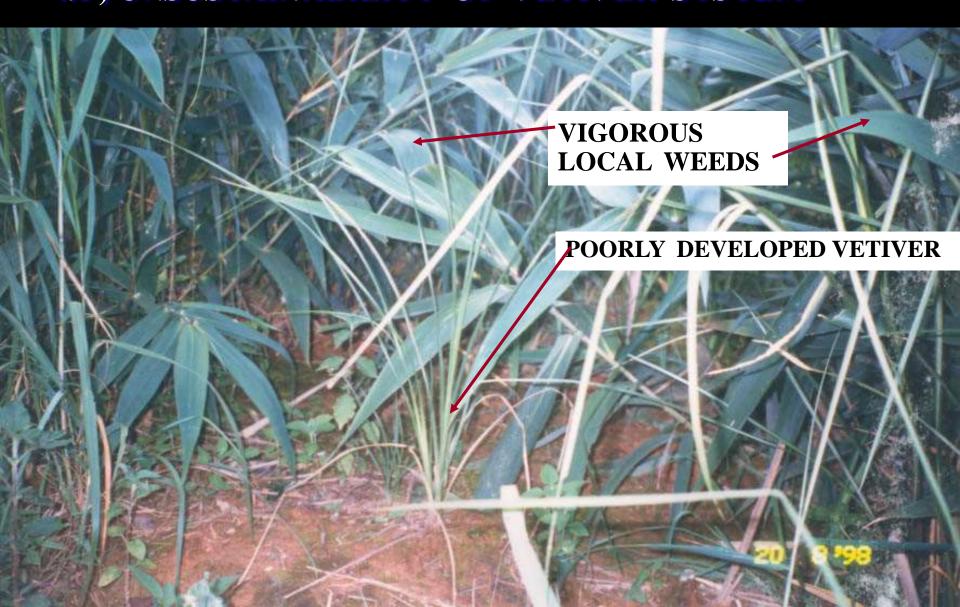




VS WITH SLOPE PROTECTION WORKS

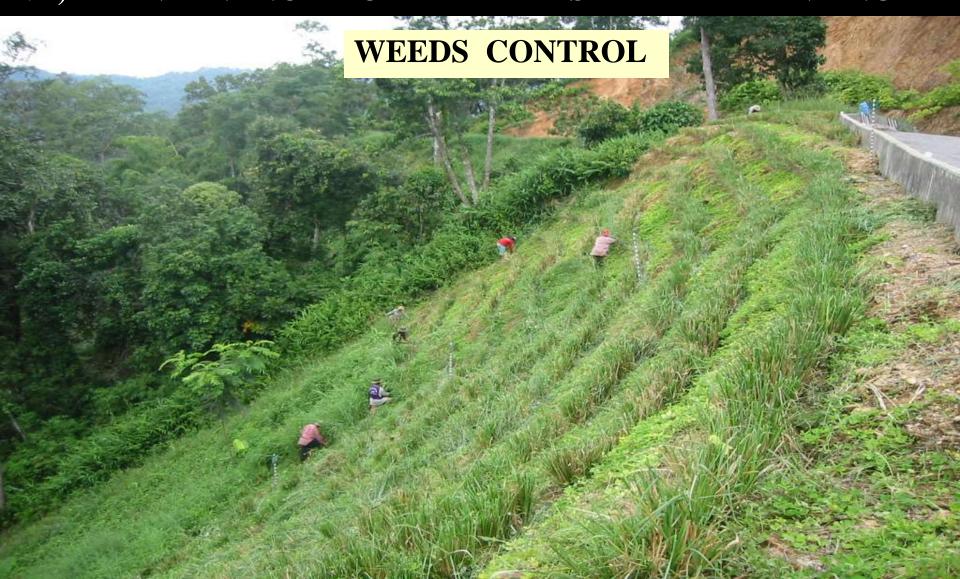
- VS IS ASSOCIATED WITH GABION WALL AND SURFACE DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

4) SITUATION AND PROBLEMS IN THE VETIVER GRASS PROJECTS OF THE HIGHWAYS DEPT. THAILAND 4.1) UNSUSTAINABILITY OF VETIVER SYSTEM



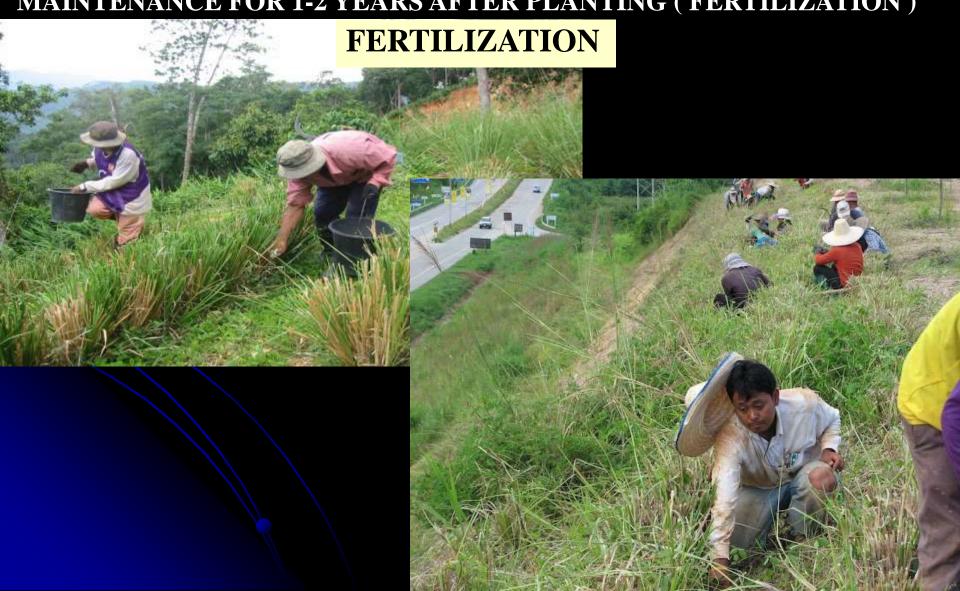
4) SITUATION AND PROBLEMS IN THE VETIVER GRASS PROJECTS

4.2) MAINTENANCE FOR 1-2 YEARS AFTER PLANTING



4) SITUATION AND PROBLEMS IN THE VETIVER GRASS PROJECTS

MAINTENANCE FOR 1-2 YEARS AFTER PLANTING (FERTILIZATION)



4.3) EXPERIMENTAL STUDY (HIGHWAYS ROUTE NO. 3272 KANCHANABURI PROVINCE, THAILAND: 2003 – 2006)

4.3.1) TO STUDY THE OPTIMUM PLANTING TECHNIQUES AND MAINTENANCE COST

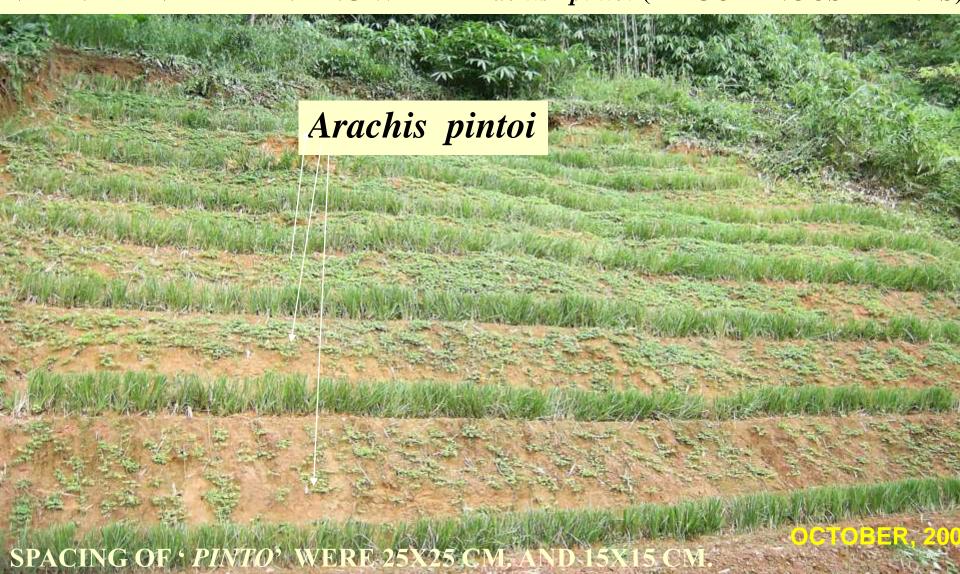




4.3) EXPERIMENTAL STUDY

4.3.2) TO STUDY THE EFFICIENCY OF ARACHIS 'PINTOI' TO CONTROL WEEDS

VETIVER INTERPLANTING WITH Arachis pintoi (LEGUMINOUS PLANTS)



5) SUSTAINABLE VETIVER SYSTEM 5.1 OPTIMUM PLANTING TECHNIQUES

5.1.1 SUITABLE VETIVER TILLERS

NURSERY VETIVER SLIPS IN POLY-BAGGED FOR 45-60 DAYS TO PRODUCE ACTIVE TILLERS

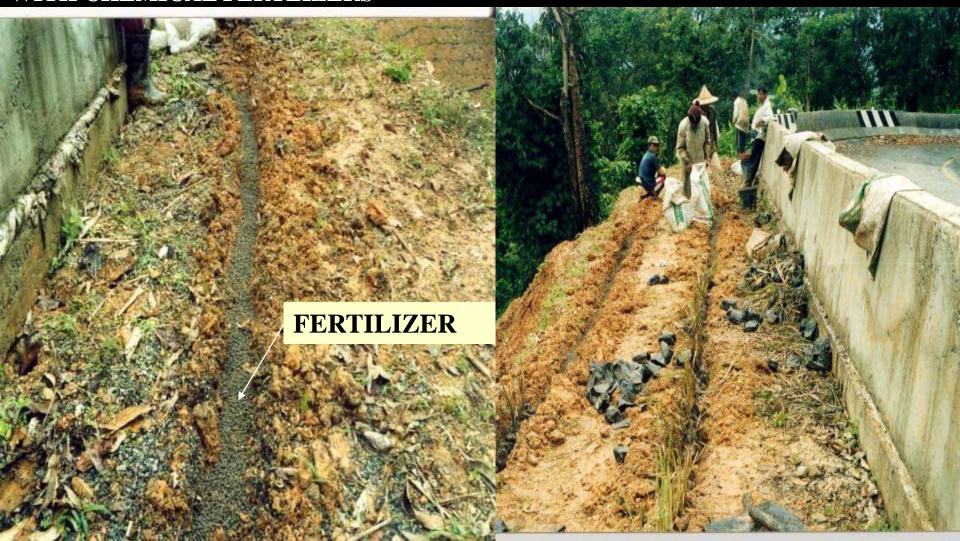


5) SUSTAINABLE VETIVER SYSTEM 5.1 OPTIMUM PLANTING TECHNIQUES 5.1.1 SUITABLE VETIVER TILLERS

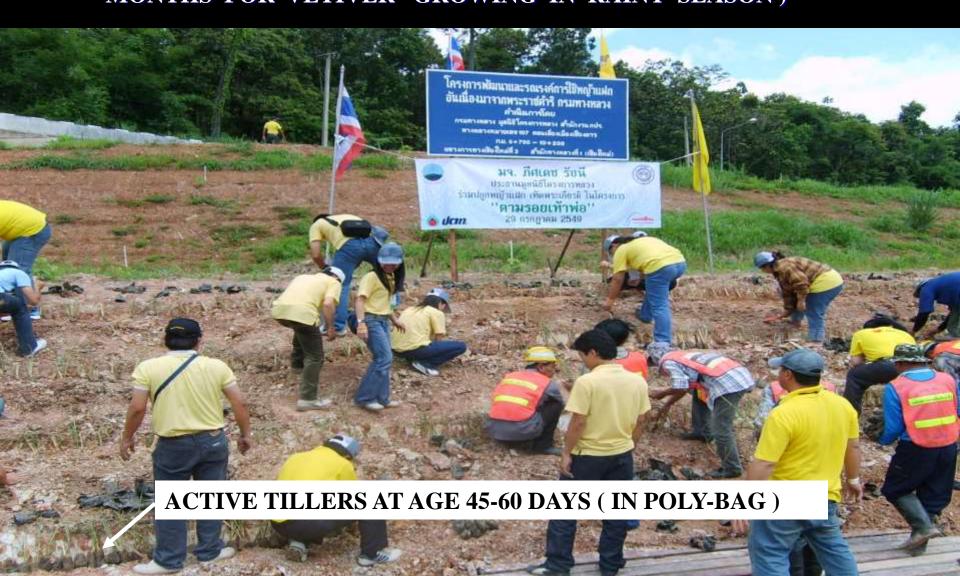


5) SUSTAINABLE VETIVER SYSTEM 5.1 OPTIMUM PLANTING TECHNIQUES

5.1.2 SOIL FERTILITY IMPROVEMENT: FERTILIZE THE SOIL WITH BASAL APPLICATION OF CHICKEN MANURE OR FARMYARD MANURE MIXED WITH CHEMICAL FERTLIZERS



5) SUSTAINABLE VETIVER SYSTEM 5.1 OPTIMUM PLANTING TECHNIQUES 5.1.3 PLANTING DURING SUITABLE PERIOD (AT LEAST 2 MONTHS FOR VETIVER GROWING IN RAINY SEASON)

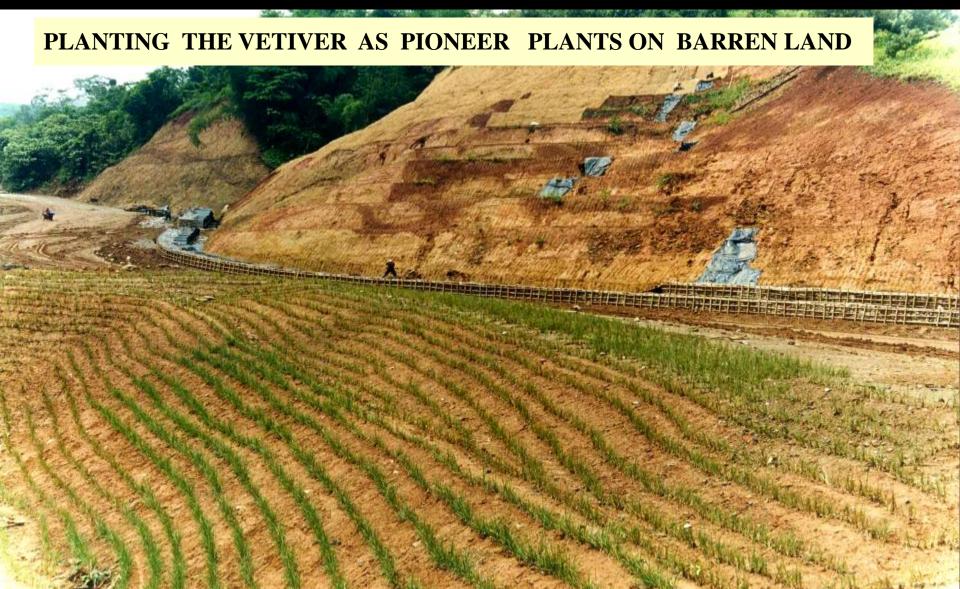


5.1) OPTIMUM PLANTING TECHNIQUES

5.1.4) MAINTENANCE OF WEED AND FERTILIZATION ARE NECESSARY FOR 1-2 YEARS AFTER PLANTING



5) SUSTAINABLE VETIVER SYSTEM 5.1 OPTIMUM PLANTING TECHNIQUES 5.1.5 THE EFFECT OF LAND SURFACE



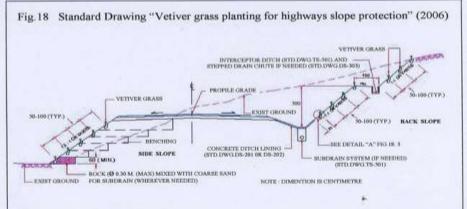
5) SUSTAINABLE VETIVER SYSTEM
5.1 OPTIMUM PLANTING TECHNIQUES
5.1.6) EFFECT OF SLOPE INCLINATION ON THE
GROWTH DEVELOPMENT





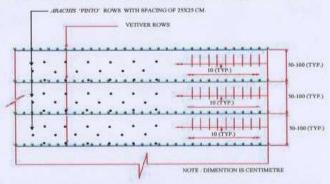
5) SUSTAINABLE VETIVER SYSTEM

5.2 DRAWING: VETIVER GRASS PLANTING FOR HIGHWAYS SLOPE PROTECTION, SP- 205 / 2 (2006)



- Spacing of vetiver grass rows varies from 50-100 cm. and in clump 10 cm. which depend on severe erosion problems on soils.
 - Drainage system i.e. interceptor ditch, drain chute, subdrains are also necessary.

Fig. 18.1 Cross-section: Vetiver grassing on back slope and side slope



- For not serious cases, planting in rows is 1.00 m. apart and in clump 10 cm spacing.
- For serious cases, planting in rows is 50 cm. apart and in clump 10 cm spacing.
- For minimal maintenance of weeds and fertilization, Arachis 'Pinto' is planted between the rows of vetiver.

Fig. 18.2 Plan: Vetiver grassing on back slope and side slope

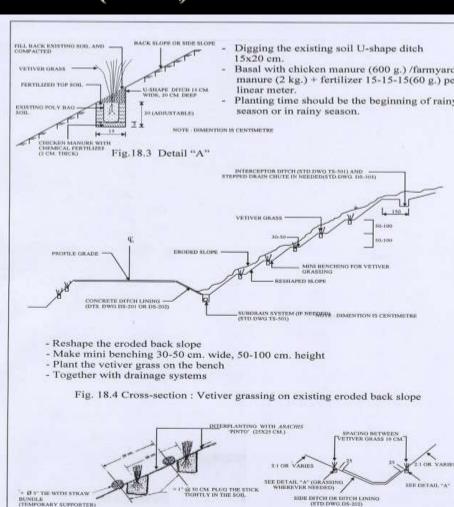


Fig. 18.5 Vetiver grassing on high crosible area and side ditch.

DRAWING BASED ON TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENTS: VETIVER GRASS PLANTING FOR HIGHWAYS SLOPE PROTECTION, SP- 205 / 2 (2006)

- 1) THE SPECIFICATION OF VETIVER TILLER
- 2) GROUND PREPARATION AND HOLE DIGGING
- 3) SOIL FERTILITY IMPROVEMENT
- 4) PATTERN OF VETIVER GRASSING
- 5) SUITABLE PERIOD FOR PLANTING
- 6) PLANT CARING
- 7) MAINTENANCE AFTER PLANTING
- 8) MINIMAL MAINTENANCE (THE VETIVER IN COMBINATION WITH ARACHIS 'PINTOI')
- 9) VETIVER GRASSING ON DEEP CUT AND HIGH FILL SLOPES

5) SUSTAINABLE VETIVER SYSTEM 5.3 UNIT RATES OF VETIVER GRASSING FOR HIGHWAY SLOPE PROTECTION

A) GROUND PREPARATION COST

0.10 BAHT/ TILLER

1.10 BAHT/TILLER

1.50 BAHT/ TILLER

0.55 BAHT/TILLER

- B) MATERIALS COSTS
 - MATERIALS FOR MULTIPLICATION IN PLASTIC BAGS
 - COST OF VETIVER TILLER
 - MATERIALS FOR BASAL APPLICATION
 - MATERIAL FOR MAINTENANCE
- C) LABOUR COSTS
 - LABOUR COST OF NURSERY FOR 60 DAYS
 - LABOUR COST FOR PLANTING AT THE TARGET AREA
- D) TRANSPORTATION COSTS
 - IN CASE OF BARE ROOT SLIPS
 - IN CASE OF TILLER IN PLASTIC BAG
 - FROM NURSERY TO TARGET AREA
- E) MAINTENANCE COST AFTER PLANTING
- F) MISCELLANEOUS COST

0.50 BAHT/ TILLER

0.25 BAHT/TILLER

TOTAL COST

4.00 BAHT/TILLER

5) SUSTAINABLE VETIVER SYSTEM 5. 4MIXED PLANTING WITH SUITABLE PLANT(Arachis pintoi







'PINTOI' IS A CREEPER THAT GROWS CLOSELY TO THE GROUND SURFACE AND SHADE TOLERANT CAN GROW WITH TALL GRASS AS VETIVER





THE EFFICIENCY OF ARACHIS 'PINTOI'TO CONTROL WEEDS ON ROUTE NO. 107 (Km. 10.150 – Km. 10.450)



6) EFFICIENCY OF EROSION CONTROL AND STABILIZATION OF HIGHWAY SLOPES

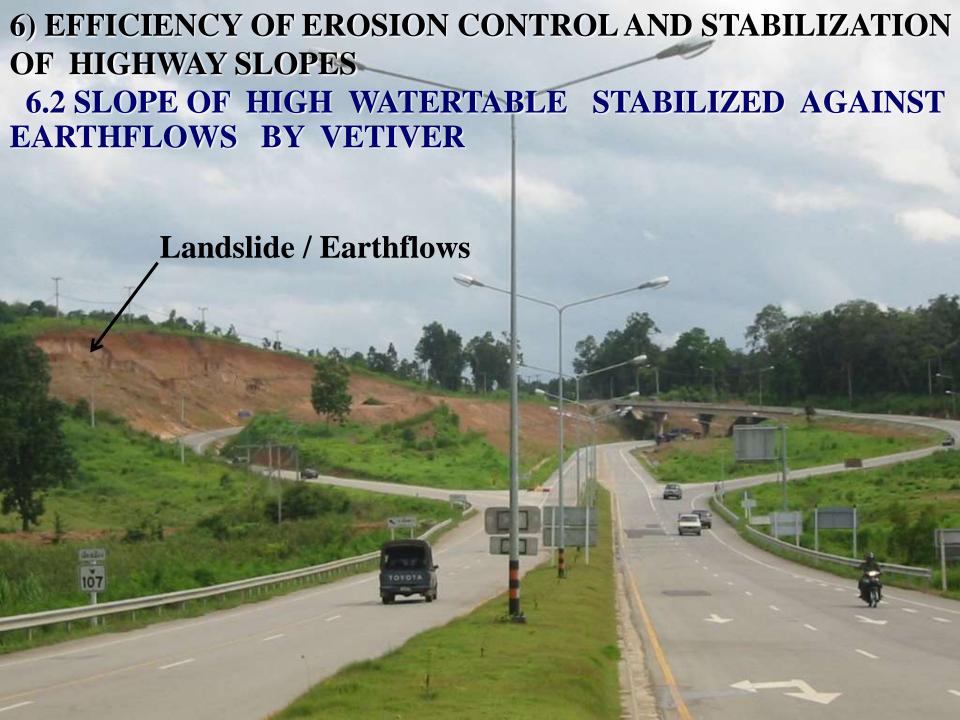
6.1 PROTECT THE SOIL AGAINT EROSION AND SHALLOW-SEATED FAILURE

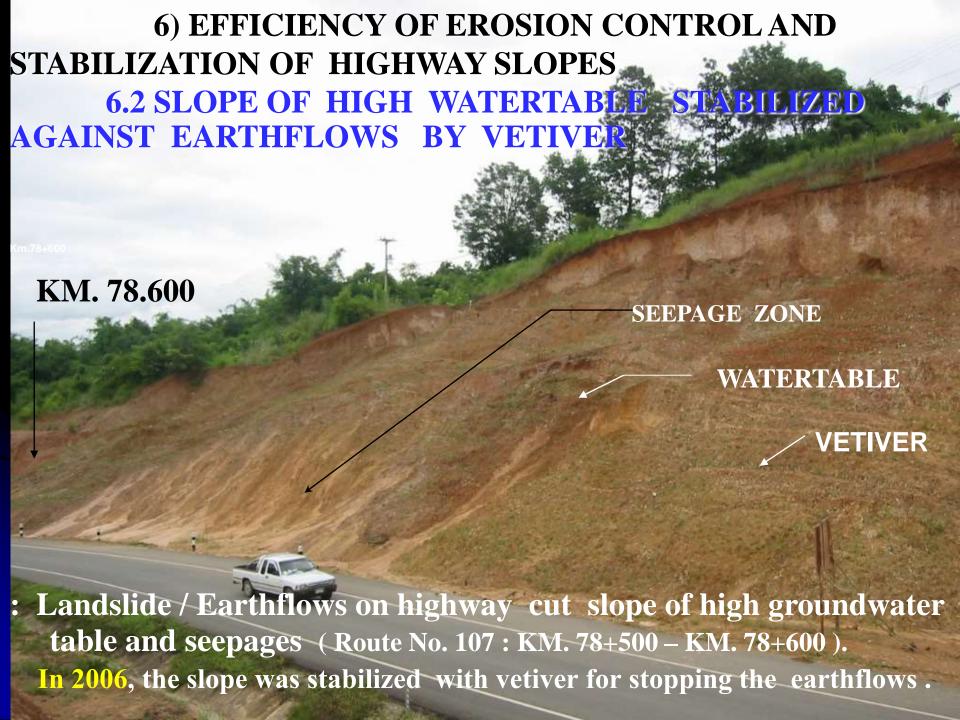


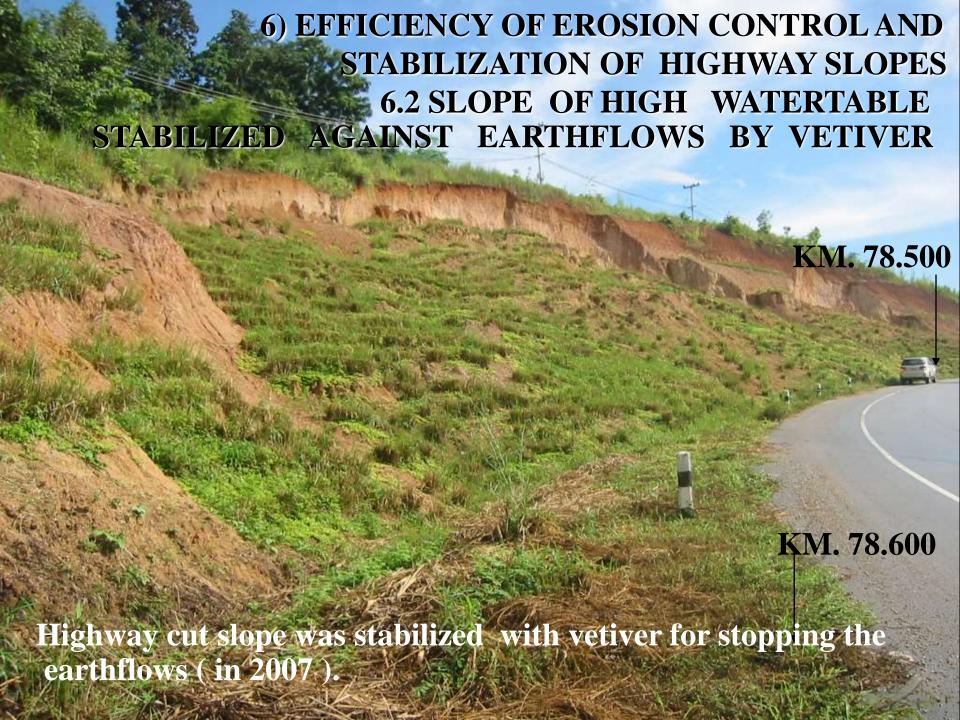


BEFORE STABILIZED BY VETIVER

AFTER STABILIZED BY VETIVER FOR 2 YEARS

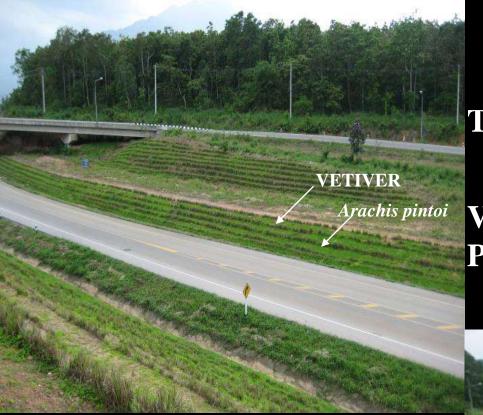












7) CONCLUSIONS

7.1 OPTIMUM PLANTING TECHNIQUS

7 2 PLANTING THE VETIVER AS PIONEER PLANT ON BARREN LAND.

7.3 ARACHIS 'PINTO 'HAS EFFICIENCY TO CONTROL WEEDS.





7) CONCLUSIONS

7.4 VETIVER STABILIZED THE SOIL SLOPES NOT ONLY ROOT REINFORCEMENT BUT BY GETTING SOIL TO DRY BY EVAPOTRANSPIRATION.

7.5 VS IS AN EFFECTIVE MEASURES FOR EROSION CONTROL AND STABILIZATION AGAINST EROSION, SHALLOW-SEATED FAILURE AND EARTHFLOWS (SLOW MOVEMENT OF SATURATED SOILS).





